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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:47:25 ON 07 MAR 2006

=> file medline COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 0.21 0.21

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 10:47:38 ON 07 MAR 2006

FILE LAST UPDATED: 4 MAR 2006 (20060304/UP). FILE COVERS 1950 TO DATE.

On December 11, 2005, the 2006 MeSH terms were loaded.

The MEDLINE reload for 2006 is now (26 Feb.) available. For details on the 2006 reload, enter HELP RLOAD at an arrow prompt (=>). See also:

http://www.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/ http://www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/techbull/nd04/nd04 mesh.html http://www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/techbull/nd05/nd05 med data changes.html http://www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/techbull/nd05/nd05 2006 MeSH.html

OLDMEDLINE is covered back to 1950.

MEDLINE thesauri in the /CN, /CT, and /MN fields incorporate the MeSH 2006 vocabulary.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s anti () PEG 616721 ANTI 6 ANTIS 616725 ANTI (ANTI OR ANTIS) 9879 PEG 777 PEGS 10278 PEG (PEG OR PEGS) L1 7 ANTI (W) PEG => s 11 not py>2000 2953639 PY>2000 (PY>20009999) 4 L1 NOT PY>2000 L2 => d ibib 1-4

ANSWER 1 OF 4 MEDLINE on STN 1.2

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000191525 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 10725103

TITLE: Efficient clearance of poly(ethylene glycol)-modified

immunoenzyme with anti-PEG monoclonal antibody for prodrug cancer therapy.

AUTHOR: Cheng T L; Chen B M; Chern J W; Wu M F; Roffler S R

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Biomedical Sciences, Academia Sinica, Taipei,

Taiwan.

SOURCE: Bioconjugate chemistry, (2000 Mar-Apr) Vol. 11, No. 2, pp.

258-66.

Journal code: 9010319. ISSN: 1043-1802.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200005

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20000613

Last Updated on STN: 20000613 Entered Medline: 20000531

L2 ANSWER 2 OF 4 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998089627 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 9428158

TITLE: Immobilization of L-asparaginase into a biocompatible

poly(ethylene glycol)-albumin hydrogel: evaluation of

performance in vivo.

AUTHOR: Jean-Francois J; D'Urso E M; Fortier G

CORPORATE SOURCE: Departement de Chimie-Biochimie, Universite du Quebec,

Montreal, Canada.

SOURCE: Biotechnology and applied biochemistry, (1997 Dec) Vol. 26

(Pt 3), pp. 203-12.

Journal code: 8609465. ISSN: 0885-4513.

PUB. COUNTRY: ENGLAND: United Kingdom

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 199802

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19980217

Last Updated on STN: 20000303 Entered Medline: 19980205

L2 ANSWER 3 OF 4 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 84160696 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 6706424

TITLE: Polyethylene glycol reactive antibodies in man: titer

distribution in allergic patients treated with monomethoxy polyethylene glycol modified allergens or placebo, and in

healthy blood donors. Richter A W; Akerblom E

SOURCE: International archives of allergy and applied immunology,

(1984) Vol. 74, No. 1, pp. 36-9.

Journal code: 0404561. ISSN: 0020-5915.

PUB. COUNTRY: Switzerland

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

AUTHOR:

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 198405

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19900319

Last Updated on STN: 19970203 Entered Medline: 19840522

L2 ANSWER 4 OF 4 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 83107741 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 6401699

TITLE: Antibodies against polyethylene glycol produced in animals

by immunization with monomethoxy polyethylene glycol

modified proteins.

AUTHOR:

Richter A W; Akerblom E

SOURCE:

International archives of allergy and applied immunology,

(1983) Vol. 70, No. 2, pp. 124-31.

Journal code: 0404561. ISSN: 0020-5915.

PUB. COUNTRY:

Switzerland

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

198303

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 19900318

Last Updated on STN: 19900318 Entered Medline: 19830311

=> d abs 3

L2 ANSWER 3 OF 4 MEDLINE on STN

AB Antibodies to polyethylene glycol (PEG) were analyzed in patients with various allergies and in healthy blood donors employing passive hemagglutination. In untreated allergic patients and in healthy blood donors, naturally occurring anti-PEG antibody titers between 32 and 512 were seen in 3.3 and 0.2%, respectively. During hyposensitization with monomethoxy polyethylene glycol modified ragweed extract and honey bee venom, respectively, the patients showed an anti-PEG antibody response. Titers of 32-512 were found in 50% of the patients directly after the first treatment course. After 2 years of treatment the percentage of patients with such titers declined to 28.5%. Mercaptoethanol treatment of sera indicated that the anti-PEG antibodies predominantly were of the IgM isotype. The weak IgM response found in treated patients is considered to be of no clinical significance.

=> s ABS 2

5100 ABS 3230499 2

L3

42 ABS 2

(ABS(W)2)

=> d abs 12 2

L2 ANSWER 2 OF 4 MEDLINE on STN

The L-asparaginase of Escherichia coli (ASNase) is currently used in AB combination with antineoplastic drugs to treat various lymphoblastic leukaemias. However, its use is limited by severe immunological reactions and the short serum half-life associated with the enzyme. Immobilization of ASNase into a biocompatible matrix can greatly decrease the immunogenicity of the enzyme, increase its half-life in vivo and its therapeutic index. Thus the E. coli ASNase was immobilized in a biocompatible hydrogel made of rat serum albumin and poly(ethylene glycol) (PEG; molecular mass 10 kDa). The effectiveness of this enzymic bioreactor to deplete serum L-asparagine was evaluated after its peritoneal implantation in rats. Seven units of immobilized ASNase/rat depleted serum asparagine to an undetectable level (< 1 microM) during 6 days, while 5 units of immobilized ASNase/rat decreased the level of serum asparagine by 85-90% during at least 2 days. Under both conditions asparagine levels returned to normal about 10 days after surgery, and hydrogels still retained 80% of their enzymic activity when assayed in vitro. After 10-14 days in vivo, hydrogels became opaque and surrounded by a fibrotic capsule with a few inflammatory sites. Nevertheless, the enzymic hydrogel showed great stability in vivo, and, after 4 months of implantation, 12% of the initial ASNase activity was still present. At 6 months, histological analysis showed stabilization of the fibrotic capsule

thickness. Assays on the levels of ASNase and asparagine synthetase indicated an induction of the latter activity, mainly in the pancreas when compared with the level observed in spleen or liver. ELISA tests at 28 days and 120 days showed the presence of anti-ASNase (and, in lower amounts, anti-PEG) antibodies in sera of implanted rats. As observed with other enzyme-immobilization systems used in vivo, the formation of fibroblast-like cell layers around the implant, which block the translocation of the substrate into the enzymic matrix, is the major factor affecting the performance and longevity of the bioreactor.

```
=> s anti () (polyethylene glycol)
        616721 ANTI
             6 ANTIS
        616725 ANTI
                 (ANTI OR ANTIS)
         35662 POLYETHYLENE
          5898 POLYETHYLENES
         38703 POLYETHYLENE
                 (POLYETHYLENE OR POLYETHYLENES)
         23440 GLYCOL
         28763 GLYCOLS
         41826 GLYCOL
                 (GLYCOL OR GLYCOLS)
         23715 POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL
                 (POLYETHYLENE (W) GLYCOL)
L4
             1 ANTI (W) (POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL)
=> d ibib
    ANSWER 1 OF 1
                       MEDLINE on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                    1999278171
                                   MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                    PubMed ID: 10346886
                    Accelerated clearance of polyethylene glycol-modified
TITLE:
                    proteins by anti-polyethylene
                    glycol IgM.
                    Cheng T L; Wu P Y; Wu M F; Chern J W; Roffler S R
AUTHOR:
                    Institute of Biomedical Sciences, Academia Sinica, College
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                    of Medicine, National Taiwan University, Taipei, Taiwan.
                    Bioconjugate chemistry, (1999 May-Jun) Vol. 10, No. 3, pp.
SOURCE:
                    520-8.
                    Journal code: 9010319. ISSN: 1043-1802.
PUB. COUNTRY:
                    United States
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                    Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE:
                    English
FILE SEGMENT:
                    Priority Journals
ENTRY MONTH:
                    199907
ENTRY DATE:
                    Entered STN: 19990715
                    Last Updated on STN: 19990715
                    Entered Medline: 19990707
=> s antibod? (against or to) (peg or (polyethylene glycol))
MISSING OPERATOR 'ANTIBOD? (AGAINST'
The search profile that was entered contains terms or
nested terms that are not separated by a logical operator.
=> s antibod? (s) (against or to) (s) (peg or (polyethylene glycol))
        708410 ANTIBOD?
        455081 AGAINST
             6 AGAINSTS
        455085 AGAINST
                 (AGAINST OR AGAINSTS)
      ·7985384 TO
           859 TOS
```

```
7985637 TO
                  (TO OR TOS)
          9879 PEG
           777 PEGS
         10278 PEG
                  (PEG OR PEGS)
         35662 POLYETHYLENE
          5898 POLYETHYLENES
         38703 POLYETHYLENE
                  (POLYETHYLENE OR POLYETHYLENES)
         23440 GLYCOL
         28763 GLYCOLS
         41826 GLYCOL
                  (GLYCOL OR GLYCOLS)
         23715 POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL
                  (POLYETHYLENE (W) GLYCOL)
L5
           456 ANTIBOD? (S) (AGAINST OR TO) (S) (PEG OR (POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL))
=> s clear? or remov?
        358107 CLEAR?
        281667 REMOV?
L6
        626149 CLEAR? OR REMOV?
=> s 16 and 15
            68 L6 AND L5
=> s 17 not py>1999
       3443289 PY>1999
                  (PY>19999999)
L8
            49 L7 NOT PY>1999
=> d scan
'DISPLAY SCAN' IS NOT VALID IN CURRENT FILE
The DISPLAY SCAN command is not valid in the current file.
Enter HELP FORMATS and HELP DFIELDS to see valid DISPLAY
options in current file.
=> d 11
                       MEDLINE on STN
L1
     ANSWER 1 OF 7
     2005175711
                    MEDLINE
AN
     PubMed ID: 15809678
DN
ΤI
     Repeated injections of PEG-PE liposomes generate anti-
     PEG antibodies.
     Sroda Kamila; Rydlewski Janusz; Langner Marek; Kozubek Arkadiusz; Grzybek
ΑU
     Michal; Sikorski Aleksander F
     Academic Centre for the Biotechnology of Lipid Aggregates,
CS
     Przybyszewskiego 63/77, 51-148 Wroclaw, Poland.. afsbc@ibmb.uni.wroc.pl
     Cellular & molecular biology letters, (2005) Vol. 10, No. 1, pp. 37-47.
SO
     Journal code: 9607427. ISSN: 1425-8153.
CY
     Poland
     Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
DT
LA
     English
FS
     Priority Journals
ΕM
     200508
ED
     Entered STN: 20050406
     Last Updated on STN: 20050806
     Entered Medline: 20050805
=> d 18 1
^{18}
     ANSWER 1 OF 49
                        MEDLINE on STN
```

ΑN

1999333743

MEDLINE

```
PubMed ID: 10403934
DN
TΙ
     Heat treatment of normal human sera reveals antibodies to bactericidal
     permeability-inducing protein (BPI).
ΑU
     Brownlee A A; Lockwood C M
     University of Cambridge, School of Clinical Medicine, Addenbrooke's
CS
     Hospital, Cambridge, UK.
SO
     Clinical and experimental immunology, (1999 Jul) Vol. 117, No. 1, pp.
     183-9.
     Journal code: 0057202. ISSN: 0009-9104.
     ENGLAND: United Kingdom
CY
DT
     Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LA
     English
FS
     Priority Journals
EM
     199907
ED
     Entered STN: 19990806
     Last Updated on STN: 19990806
     Entered Medline: 19990728
=> d kwic
1.8
     ANSWER 1 OF 49
                        MEDLINE on STN
       . . was maximal at 56 degrees C, with substantial antibody
AB
     demonstrable after only 5 min at this temperature. In experiments using
     polyethylene glycol (PEG) 6000 to
     remove immune complexes, the effect of heating could be abrogated
     by preincubation with 8% PEG, which suggested that these anti
     BPI antibodies might be complexed in sera. After passage of
     normal plasma over a protein G column, the acid-eluted fraction contained
     elevated.
=> s antibod? (w) (against or to) (w) (peg or (polyethylene glycol))
        708410 ANTIBOD?
        455081 AGAINST
             6 AGAINSTS
        455085 AGAINST
                 (AGAINST OR AGAINSTS)
       7985384 TO
           859 TOS
       7985637 TO
                 (TO OR TOS)
          9879 PEG
           777 PEGS
         10278 PEG
                 (PEG OR PEGS)
         35662 POLYETHYLENE
          5898 POLYETHYLENES
         38703 POLYETHYLENE
                 (POLYETHYLENE OR POLYETHYLENES)
         23440 GLYCOL
         28763 GLYCOLS
         41826 GLYCOL
                 (GLYCOL OR GLYCOLS)
         23715 POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL
                 (POLYETHYLENE (W) GLYCOL)
            11 ANTIBOD? (W) (AGAINST OR TO) (W) (PEG OR (POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL))
L9
=> s 19 and 16
             0 L9 AND L6
=> s 19 not py>2000
       2953639 PY>2000
                 (PY>20009999)
            8 L9 NOT PY>2000
L11
```

=> d ibib 1-8

L11 ANSWER 1 OF 8

MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999382152 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 10454349

TITLE:

Detection and characterization of antibodies to PEG-IFN-alpha2b using surface plasmon

resonance.

AUTHOR: Takacs M A; Jacobs S J; Bordens R M; Swanson S J

Schering-Plough Research Institute, Kenilworth, NJ 07033, CORPORATE SOURCE:

USA.

Journal of interferon & cytokine research : the official SOURCE:

journal of the International Society for Interferon and Cytokine Research, (1999 Jul) Vol. 19, No. 7, pp. 781-9.

Journal code: 9507088. ISSN: 1079-9907.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

English LANGUAGE:

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

199910 ENTRY MONTH:

Entered STN: 19991101 ENTRY DATE:

> Last Updated on STN: 19991101 Entered Medline: 19991019

L11 ANSWER 2 OF 8

CORPORATE SOURCE:

MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 97431634 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 9287139

TITLE:

Immunoliposomes bearing polyethyleneglycol-coupled Fab'

fragment show prolonged circulation time and high extravasation into targeted solid tumors in vivo.

AUTHOR:

Maruyama K; Takahashi N; Tagawa T; Nagaike K; Iwatsuru M Faculty of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Teikyo University, Kanagawa, Japan.. maruyama@pharm.teikyo-u.ac.jp

FEBS letters, (1997 Aug 11) Vol. 413, No. 1, pp. 177-80. SOURCE:

Journal code: 0155157. ISSN: 0014-5793.

PUB. COUNTRY: Netherlands Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 199710

Entered STN: 19971224 ENTRY DATE:

> Last Updated on STN: 19971224 Entered Medline: 19971030

L11 ANSWER 3 OF 8

MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 93165399 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 8433874

TITLE:

SOURCE:

Enzyme replacement therapy with polyethylene

glycol-adenosine deaminase in adenosine deaminase

deficiency: overview and case reports of three patients,

including two now receiving gene therapy.

Hershfield M S; Chaffee S; Sorensen R U AUTHOR:

Department of Medicine, Duke University Medical Center, Durham, North Carolina 27710. DK20902 (NIDDK) CORPORATE SOURCE:

CONTRACT NUMBER:

RR00080 (NCRR)

Pediatric research, (1993 Jan) Vol. 33, No. 1 Suppl, pp.

S42-7; discussion S47-8. Ref: 19

Journal code: 0100714. ISSN: 0031-3998.

PUB. COUNTRY: DOCUMENT TYPE: United States (CASE REPORTS)

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

General Review; (REVIEW)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 199303

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19930402

Last Updated on STN: 19930402 Entered Medline: 19930318

L11 ANSWER 4 OF 8 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 86007216 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 2412977

TITLE: Studies on antigenicity of the polyethylene glycol

(PEG)-modified uricase.

AUTHOR: Tsuji J; Hirose K; Kasahara E; Naitoh M; Yamamoto I

SOURCE: International journal of immunopharmacology, (1985) Vol. 7,

No. 5, pp. 725-30.

Journal code: 7904799. ISSN: 0192-0561.

PUB. COUNTRY: ENGLAND: United Kingdom

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 198511

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19900321

Last Updated on STN: 19900321 Entered Medline: 19851121

L11 ANSWER 5 OF 8 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 85156525 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 3980111

TITLE: Immune responses to polyethylene glycol modified

L-asparaginase'in mice.

AUTHOR: Kawamura K; Igarashi T; Fujii T; Kamisaki Y; Wada H;

Kishimoto S

SOURCE: International archives of allergy and applied immunology,

(1985) Vol. 76, No. 4, pp. 324-30.

Journal code: 0404561. ISSN: 0020-5915.

PUB. COUNTRY: Switzerland

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 198505

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19900320

Last Updated on STN: 19900320 Entered Medline: 19850513

L11 ANSWER 6 OF 8 MEDLINE ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 84160696 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 6706424

TITLE: Polyethylene glycol reactive antibodies in man: titer

distribution in allergic patients treated with monomethoxy polyethylene glycol modified allergens or placebo, and in

healthy blood donors. Richter A W; Akerblom E

SOURCE: International archives of allergy and applied immunology,

(1984) Vol. 74, No. 1, pp. 36-9.

Journal code: 0404561. ISSN: 0020-5915.

PUB. COUNTRY: Switzerland

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

AUTHOR:

FILE SEGMENT: English
Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 198405

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19900319

Last Updated on STN: 19970203 Entered Medline: 19840522

L11 ANSWER 7 OF 8 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 83107741 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 6401699

Antibodies against polyethylene TITLE:

glycol produced in animals by immunization with monomethoxy polyethylene glycol modified proteins.

AUTHOR: Richter A W; Akerblom E

International archives of allergy and applied immunology, SOURCE:

(1983) Vol. 70, No. 2, pp. 124-31.

Journal code: 0404561. ISSN: 0020-5915.

PUB. COUNTRY: Switzerland

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: English

Priority Journals FILE SEGMENT:

ENTRY MONTH: 198303

Entered STN: 19900318 ENTRY DATE:

> Last Updated on STN: 19900318 Entered Medline: 19830311

L11 ANSWER 8 OF 8 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 77187848 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 16907

TITLE: Effect of covalent attachment of polyethylene glycol on

immunogenicity and circulating life of bovine liver

catalase.

AUTHOR: Abuchowski A; McCoy J R; Palczuk N C; van Es T; Davis F F SOURCE:

The Journal of biological chemistry, (1977 Jun 10) Vol.

252, No. 11, pp. 3582-6.

Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 197707

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19900314

> Last Updated on STN: 19950206 Entered Medline: 19770723

=> d abs 8

L11 ANSWER 8 OF 8 MEDLINE on STN

Methoxypolyethylene glycols of 1900 daltons (PEG-1900) or 5000 daltons AB (PEG-5000) were covalently attached to bovine liver catalase using 2,4,6-trichloro-s-triazine as the coupling agent. Rabbits were immunized by the intravenous and intramuscular routes with catalase modified by covalent attachment of PEG-1900 to 43% of the amino groups (PEG-1900-catalase). The intravenous antiserum did not yield detectable antibodies against PEG-1900-catalase or native catalase, as determined by Ouchterlony and complement fixation methods, whereas the intramuscular antiserum contained antibodies to.both PEG-1900-catalase and catalase. PEG-1900 did not react with either antiserum. Catalase was prepared in which PEG-5000 was attached to 40% of the amino groups (PEG-5000-catalase). This catalase preparation did not react with either antiserum. PEG-1900-catalase retained 93% of its enzymatic activity; PEG-5000-catalase retained 95%. PEG-5000-catalase resisted digestion by trypsin, chymotrypsin, and a protease from Streptomyces griseus. PEG-1900-catalase and PEG-5000-catalase exhibited enhanced circulating lives in the blood of acatalasemic mice during repetitive intravenous injections. No evidence was seen of an immune response to injections of the modified enzymes. Mice injected repetitively with PEG-5000-catalase remained immune competent for unmodieied catalase, and no evidence of tissue or organ damage was seen.

^{=&}gt; file caplsu

^{&#}x27;CAPLSU' IS NOT A VALID FILE NAME

SESSION CONTINUES IN FILE 'MEDLINE' Enter "HELP FILE NAMES" at an arrow prompt (=>) for a list of files that are available. If you have requested multiple files, you can specify a corrected file name or you can enter "IGNORE" to continue accessing the remaining file names entered.

=> file caplus

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SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 7.04 7.25

FULL ESTIMATED COST

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 7 Mar 2006 VOL 144 ISS 11 FILE LAST UPDATED: 6 Mar 2006 (20060306/ED)

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http://www.cas.org/infopolicy.html

=> s anti () PEG

398531 ANTI

9 ANTIS

398538 ANTI

(ANTI OR ANTIS)

35011 PEG

1176 PEGS

35503 PEG

(PEG OR PEGS)

L12

10 ANTI (W) PEG

=> s 112 not py>2000

5537520 PY>2000

5 L12 NOT PY>2000 L13

=> d ibib 1-5

L13 ANSWER 1 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:334699 CAPLUS

TITLE:

Bioactive poly(ethylene glycol)-insulin conjugates with enhanced stability and reduced immunogenicity. Hinds, Ken; Joss, Lisa; Rihova, Blanka; Koh, Jae Joon;

AUTHOR(S):

Liu, Feng; Baudys, Miroslav; Kim, Sung Wan

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Pharmaceutics and Pharmaceutical Chemistry / CCCD, University of Utah, Salt Lake City,

UT, 84112, USA

SOURCE:

Book of Abstracts, 219th ACS National Meeting, San Francisco, CA, March 26-30, 2000 (2000), POLY-511.

American Chemical Society: Washington, D. C.

CODEN: 69CLAC

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Conference; Meeting Abstract

LANGUAGE:

English

L13 ANSWER 2 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:125916 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

132:298658

TITLE:

Efficient Clearance of Polyethylene glycol-Modified

Immunoenzyme with Anti-PEG

Monoclonal Antibody for Prodrug Cancer Therapy

AUTHOR(S):

Cheng, Tian-Lu; Chen, Bing-Mae; Chern, Ji-Wang; Wu,

Ming-Fang; Roffler, Steve R.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Institute of Biomedical Sciences, Academia Sinica, School of Pharmacy National Taiwan University College

of Medicine, Taipei, Taiwan

SOURCE:

Bioconjugate Chemistry (2000), 11(2), 258-266

CODEN: BCCHES; ISSN: 1043-1802

PUBLISHER:

American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

REFERENCE COUNT:

57 THERE ARE 57 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L13 ANSWER 3 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:239090 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

131:63325

TITLE:

Accelerated Clearance of Polyethylene Glycol-Modified

Proteins by Anti-Polyethylene Glycol IgM

AUTHOR(S):

Cheng, Tian-Lu; Wu, Pin-Yi; Wu, Ming-Fang; Chern, Ji-Wang; Roffler, Steve R.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Institute of Biomedical Sciences, Academia Sinica,

Taipei, Taiwan

SOURCE:

Bioconjugate Chemistry (1999), 10(3), 520-528

CODEN: BCCHES; ISSN: 1043-1802

PUBLISHER:

American Chemical Society Journal

DOCUMENT TYPE:

English

LANGUAGE: REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 48 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 48 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L13 ANSWER 4 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:24552 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

128:162592

TITLE:

Immobilization of L-asparaginase into a biocompatible poly(ethylene glycol)-albumin hydrogel: evaluation of

performance in vivo

AUTHOR(S):

Jean-Francois, Jacques; D'urso, Edith Marie; Fortier,

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Laboratoire d'Enzymologie Appliquee, Departement de

Chimie-Biochimie, Universite du Quebec, Montreal, Montreal, QC, H3C 3P8, Can.

SOURCE:

Biotechnology and Applied Biochemistry (1997), 26(3),

203-212

CODEN: BABIEC; ISSN: 0885-4513

PUBLISHER:

Portland Press Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE: REFERENCE COUNT:

46 THERE ARE 46 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L13 ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1983:15249 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

98:15249

TITLE:

Antibodies against polyethylene glycol produced in animals by immunization with monomethoxy polyethylene

glycol-modified proteins

```
Richter, Ary Wolfgang; Aakerblom, Eva
AUTHOR(S):
                         Dep. Biomed. Res., Pharm. AB, Uppsala, 75104, Swed.
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         International Archives of Allergy and Applied
SOURCE:
                         Immunology (1983), 70(2), 124-31
                         CODEN: IAAAAM; ISSN: 0020-5915
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
LANGUAGE:
                         English
=> s antibod? (w) (against or to) (w) (peg or (polyethylene glycol))
        455631 ANTIBOD?
        678912 AGAINST
            37 AGAINSTS
        678927 AGAINST
                 (AGAINST OR AGAINSTS)
             0 TO
          1364 TOS
          1364 TO
                 (TO OR TOS)
         35011 PEG
          1176 PEGS
         35503 PEG
                 (PEG OR PEGS)
        338433 POLYETHYLENE
         12590 POLYETHYLENES
        342295 POLYETHYLENE
                 (POLYETHYLENE OR POLYETHYLENES)
        344776 GLYCOL
         44765 GLYCOLS
        360101 GLYCOL
                 (GLYCOL OR GLYCOLS)
         97872 POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL
                 (POLYETHYLENE (W) GLYCOL)
L14
             4 ANTIBOD? (W) (AGAINST OR TO) (W) (PEG OR (POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL))
=> d ibib 1-4
L14 ANSWER 1 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
                         2006:191308 CAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
TITLE:
                         Control of hyperuricemia in subjects with refractory
                         gout, and induction of antibody against poly(ethylene)
                         glycol (PEG), in a phase I trial of subcutaneous
                         PEGylated urate oxidase
                         Ganson, Nancy J.; Kelly, Susan J.; Scarlett, Edna;
AUTHOR(S):
                         Sundy, John S.; Hershfield, Michael S.
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Division of Rheumatology, Duke University Medical
                         Center, Durham, NC, 27710, USA
SOURCE:
                         Arthritis Research & Therapy (2006), 8(1), No pp.
                         given
                         CODEN: ARTRCV; ISSN: 1478-6362
                         URL: http://arthritis-research.com/content/pdf/ar1861.
PUBLISHER:
                         BioMed Central Ltd.
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal; (online computer file)
LANGUAGE:
                         English
                    CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
L14 ANSWER 2 OF 4
                         1985:539940 CAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         103:139940
                         Studies on antigenicity of the polyethylene glycol
TITLE:
                         (PEG) -modified uricase
                         Tsuji, Junichi; Hirose, Katsumi; Kasahara, Etsuko;
AUTHOR(S):
                         Naitoh, Maki; Yamamoto, Itaru
                         Toyobo Res. Cent., Toyobo Co., Ltd., Ohtsu, 520-02,
CORPORATE SOURCE:
```

Japan

SOURCE: International Journal of Immunopharmacology (1985),

7(5), 725-30 CODEN: IJIMDS; ISSN: 0192-0561

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Journal English

L14 ANSWER 3 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1983:15249 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

98:15249

TITLE:

Antibodies against

polyethylene glycol produced in

animals by immunization with monomethoxy polyethylene

glycol-modified proteins

AUTHOR(S):

SOURCE:

Richter, Ary Wolfgang; Aakerblom, Eva

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Dep. Biomed. Res., Pharm. AB, Uppsala, 75104, Swed.

International Archives of Allergy and Applied Immunology (1983), 70(2), 124-31

CODEN: IAAAAM; ISSN: 0020-5915

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

L14 ANSWER 4 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1977:449460 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

87:49460

TITLE:

Effect of covalent attachment of polyethylene glycol on immunogenicity and circulating life of bovine liver

catalase

AUTHOR(S):

Abuchowski, Abraham; McCoy, John R.; Palczuk, Nicholas

C.; Van Es, Theo; Davis, Frank F.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Dep. Biochem., Rutgers, State Univ., New Brunswick,

NJ, USA

SOURCE:

Journal of Biological Chemistry (1977), 252(11),

3582-6

CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258 .

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Journal English

=> s clear? or remov?

437130 CLEAR?

1200397 REMOV?

1611632 CLEAR? OR REMOV? L15

=> s 115 and 114

L16 0 L15 AND L14

=> s 114 and retent? or retain?

179765 RETENT? 195985 RETAIN?

195985 L14 AND RETENT? OR RETAIN? L17

=> s 114 and (retent? or retain?)

179765 RETENT?

195985 RETAIN?

1 L14 AND (RETENT? OR RETAIN?) L18

=> d ibib

L18 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

1977:449460 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 87:49460

Effect of covalent attachment of polyethylene glycol TITLE:

on immunogenicity and circulating life of bovine liver

catalase

Abuchowski, Abraham; McCoy, John R.; Palczuk, Nicholas AUTHOR(S):

C.; Van Es, Theo; Davis, Frank F.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Biochem., Rutgers, State Univ., New Brunswick,

NJ, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Biological Chemistry (1977), 252(11),

3582-6

CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

=> d abs kwic

L18 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN AΒ Methoxypolyethylene glycols of 1900 daltons (PEG-1900) or 5000 daltons (PEG-5000) were covalently attached to bovine liver catalase (I) using 2,4,6-trichloro-s-triazine as the coupling agent. Rabbits were immunized i.v. and i.m. with I modified by covalent attachment of PEG-1900 to 43% of the NH2 groups (PEG-1900-I). The i.v. antiserum had no detectable antibodies against PEG-1900-I or native I, whereas the i.m. antiserum contained antibodies to both PEG-1900-I and I. PEG-1900 did not react with either antiserum. I was prepared in which PEG-5000 was attached to 40% of the NH2 groups (PEG-5000-I). This I preparation did not react with either antiserum. PEG-1900-I retained 93% of its activity; PEG-5000-I retained 95%. PEG-5000-I resisted digestion by trypsin, chymotrypsin, and a protease from Streptomyces griseus. PEG-1900-I and PEG-5000-I had enhanced circulating lives in the blood of acatalasemic mice during repetitive i.v. injections. No evidence was seen of an immune response to injections of the modified I. Mice injected repetitively with PEG-5000-I remained immune competent for unmodified I, and no evidence of tissue or organ damage was seen. AΒ . I modified by covalent attachment of PEG-1900 to 43% of the NH2 groups (PEG-1900-I). The i.v. antiserum had no detectable antibodies against PEG-1900-I or native I, whereas the i.m. antiserum contained antibodies to both PEG-1900-I and I. PEG-1900 did not react with either. . . PEG-5000 was attached to 40% of the NH2 groups (PEG-5000-I). This I preparation did not react with either antiserum. PEG-1900-I retained 93% of its activity; PEG-5000-I retained 95%. PEG-5000-I resisted digestion by trypsin, chymotrypsin, and a protease from Streptomyces griseus. PEG-1900-I and

=> file pctfull		
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	44.55	51.80
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-0.75	-0.75

FILE 'PCTFULL' ENTERED AT 10:57:26 ON 07 MAR 2006 COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 Univentio

FILE LAST UPDATED: 05 MAR 2006 <20060305/UPTX>
MOST RECENT UPDATE WEEK: 200608

FILE COVERS 1978 TO DATE

>>> IMAGES ARE AVAILABLE ONLINE AND FOR EMAIL-PRINTS <<<

PEG-5000-I had enhanced circulating lives. .

>>> NEW IPC8 DATA AND FUNCTIONALITY NOT YET AVAILABLE IN THIS FILE.
USE IPC7 FORMAT FOR SEARCHING THE IPC. WATCH THIS SPACE FOR FURTHER
DEVELOPMENTS AND SEE OUR NEWS SECTION FOR FURTHER INFORMATION

>>> UPDATING OF BIBLIOGRAPHIC DATA DELAYED DUE TO DELIVERY

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FORMAT CHANGES <<<
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>>> FULL-TEXT UPDATES CONTINUE. PATENT NUMBER AVAILABLE FOR DISPLAY
    ONLY, USE FIELD CODE FPI <<<
>>> SDI SEARCHES (ALERTS) WILL BE RESUMED WHEN BIBLIOGRAPHIC DATA
    BECOME AVAILABLE <<<
=> s anti () PEG
        170585 ANTI
           169 ANTIS
        170619 ANTI
                 (ANTI OR ANTIS)
         35845 PEG
          5031 PEGS
         38005 PEG
                 (PEG OR PEGS)
             7 ANTI (W) PEG
L19
=> s 119 not py>2000
        550224 PY>2000
            0 L19 NOT PY>2000
L20
=> s antibod? (w) (against or to) (w) (peg or (polyethylene glycol))
        85695 ANTIBOD?
        344502 AGAINST
            14 AGAINSTS
        344503 AGAINST
                 (AGAINST OR AGAINSTS)
       1040820 TO
          3118 TOS
       1040871 TO
                (TO OR TOS)
         35845 PEG
          5031 PEGS
         38005 PEG
                (PEG OR PEGS)
        132183 POLYETHYLENE
         5725 POLYETHYLENES
        132985 POLYETHYLENE
                 (POLYETHYLENE OR POLYETHYLENES)
        106336 GLYCOL
        41630 GLYCOLS
        113363 GLYCOL
                 (GLYCOL OR GLYCOLS)
         67563 POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL
               (POLYETHYLENE (W) GLYCOL)
L21
            15 ANTIBOD? (W) (AGAINST OR TO) (W) (PEG OR (POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL))
=> s 115 not py>2000
        303559 CLEAR?
        489065 REMOV?
        550224 PY>2000
        293482 L15 NOT PY>2000
L22
=> s 121 not py>2000
        550224 PY>2000
           5 L21 NOT PY>2000
L23
=> d ibib 1-5
L23
       ANSWER 1 OF 5
                        PCTFULL
                                  COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN
                        2006017355 PCTFULL
ACCESSION NUMBER:
       no bibliographic data available - please use FPI for PI information
DESIGNATED STATES
```

ANSWER 2 OF 5 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN STON NUMBER 2000024770 PCTFULL ED 20020515 L23 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000024770 PCTFULL ED 20020515 TITLE (ENGLISH): DIMERIC THROMBOPOIETIN PEPTIDE MIMETICS BINDING TO MP1 RECEPTOR AND HAVING THROMBOPOIETIC ACTIVITY COMPOSES THROMBOPOIETIQUES TITLE (FRENCH): LIU, Chuan-Fa; INVENTOR(S): FEIGE, Ulrich; CHEETHAM, Janet PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): AMGEN INC. LANGUAGE OF PUBL.: English DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent PATENT INFORMATION: NUMBER KIND DATE ______ WO 2000024770 A2 20000504 DESIGNATED STATES W: AE AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW GH GM KE LS MW SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG APPLICATION INFO.: WO 1999-US24834 A 19991022 US 1998-60/105,348 19981023 PRIORITY INFO.: L23 ANSWER 3 OF 5
ACCESSION NUMBER: PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN 1995004159 PCTFULL ED 20020514 TITLE (ENGLISH): BLOOD LEAD DIAGNOSTIC ASSAY TITLE (FRENCH): PROCEDE DIAGNOSTIQUE DE DETERMINATION DE LA PRESENCE DE PLOMB DANS LE SANG JAFFE, Eileen, K. INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): FOX CHASE CANCER CENTER DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent PATENT INFORMATION: NUMBER KIND DATE ______ WO 9504159 A1 19950209 DESIGNATED STATES CA JP AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE W: WO 1994-US8626 A 19940802 APPLICATION INFO.: PRIORITY INFO.: US 1993-8/100,980 19930803 ANSWER 4 OF 5 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993008838 PCTFULL ED 20020513 TITLE (ENGLISH): ORAL PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION CONTAINING POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL IMMUNOGLOBULIN CONJUGATE TITLE (FRENCH): COMPOSITION PHARMACEUTIQUE ORALE CONTENANT UN CONJUGUE D'IMMUNOGLOBULINE DE POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL CUNNINGHAM-RUNDLES, Charlotte INVENTOR(S): MOUNT SINAI SCHOOL OF MEDICINE OF THE CITY UNIVERSITY PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): OF NEW YORK LANGUAGE OF PUBL.: English DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent PATENT INFORMATION: NUMBER KIND DATE WO 9308838 A1 19930513

DESIGNATED STATES

W: AU CA JP AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL SE

APPLICATION INFO.: WO 1992-US8784 A 19921015 PRIORITY INFO.: US 1991-7/783,360 19911028

L23 ANSWER 5 OF 5 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993000109 PCTFULL ED 20020513

TITLE (ENGLISH): METHOD OF STIMULATING IMMUNE RESPONSE USING GROWTH

HORMONE

TITLE (FRENCH): PROCEDE DE STIMULATION DE LA REPONSE IMMUNITAIRE A

L'AIDE D'HORMONE DE CROISSANCE

INVENTOR(S): CARLSSON, Lena, Mariana, Susann;

CLARK, Ross, G.; CRONIN, Michael, J.; JARDIEU, Paula, M.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): GENENTECH, INC.

LANGUAGE OF PUBL.: English
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

PATENT INFORMATION:

DESIGNATED STATES

. W:

AU CA JP AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IT LU MC NL SE

APPLICATION INFO.: WO 1992-US4489 A 19920529 PRIORITY INFO.: US 1991-723,359 19910628

=> d kwic 5

L23 ANSWER 5 OF 5 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN

DETD . . . antigen did not yield detectable antibodies against P EG-1 900-catalase or native

catalase whereas the antiserum from intramuscular administered antigen contained antibodies

to PEG catalase and native catalase. PEG catalase did not react with either antiserum.

=> d kwic 1-5

L23 ANSWER 1 OF 5 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN

DETD . . . measured using a sandwich ELISA that utilizes a capture antibody to

aprotinin (produced as described in Example 6) and a reporter antibody to PEG (e.g., AGP3 from

Acadmica Sinica). Aprotinin variant plasma levels may also be measured using radiolabeled aprotinin variants (e.g., Shin, Pharm. Pharmcol. Commun.. . .

L23 ANSWER 2 OF 5 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN

DETD . . . In contrast, treatment in the various cycles with PEG-rHuMGDF did show

an inhibition in platelet response by Cycle 4, suggesting that antibodies to PEG- $\,$

rHuMGDF have been generated and these anti-MGDF antibodies may be i h endogenous rhesus TPO.

L23 ANSWER 3 OF 5 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN

DETD Polyclonal antibodies to PEGS can be made with the purified protein using methods known in the art. Antibodies are raised in suitable animals such. . .

L23 ANSWER 4 OF 5 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN

```
DETD
     . . . 42,0 to 79,6 percent of
      that found for native IgG,
      Example 12
      Since in several of the above methods the binding
       of a second antibody to PEG-IgG conjugates
       to determine
       the biologic activities of these conjugates was used to
       compare PEG-IgG conjugates to native IgG, experiments
       to determine the relative.
       concentrations (22,5 gg/ml); similar data were found
       for other concentrations of IgG tested, 225 gg/ml and
       2.25 ggfml)
       TABLE 7
       BINDING OF A SECOND ANTIBODY
         TO PEG-IGG CONJUGATES
       % of Control
       IgG Bound % of Control
       IgG to ELISA IgG Detected
       ,Compound Plate* in Solution**
       Native IgG 100 100
       Conjugates.
                                   COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN
L23
      ANSWER 5 OF 5
                         PCTFULL
DETD
              antigen did not yield detectable antibodies against P EG-1
       900-catalase or native
       catalase whereas the antiserum from intramuscular administered antigen
       contained antibodies
         to PEG catalase and native catalase. PEG catalase
       did not react with either
       antiserum.
=> d his
     (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:47:25 ON 07 MAR 2006)
     FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 10:47:38 ON 07 MAR 2006
L1
              7 S ANTI () PEG
L2
              4 S L1 NOT PY>2000
L3
             42 S ABS 2
L4
              1 S ANTI () (POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL)
L5
            456 S ANTIBOD? (S) (AGAINST OR TO) (S) (PEG OR (POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL
L6
         626149 S CLEAR? OR REMOV?
             68 S L6 AND L5
L7
             49 S L7 NOT PY>1999
L8
             11 S ANTIBOD? (W) (AGAINST OR TO) (W) (PEG OR (POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL
L9
L10
              0 S L9 AND L6
              8 S L9 NOT PY>2000
L11
     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:54:30 ON 07 MAR 2006
L12
             10 S ANTI () PEG
L13
              5 S L12 NOT PY>2000
              4 S ANTIBOD? (W) (AGAINST OR TO) (W) (PEG OR (POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL
L14
L15
        1611632 S CLEAR? OR REMOV?
L16
              0 S L15 AND L14
         195985 S L14 AND RETENT? OR RETAIN?
L17.
              1 S L14 AND (RETENT? OR RETAIN?)
L18
     FILE 'PCTFULL' ENTERED AT 10:57:26 ON 07 MAR 2006
              7 S ANTI () PEG
L19
              0 S L19 NOT PY>2000
L20
             15 S ANTIBOD? (W) (AGAINST OR TO) (W) (PEG OR (POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL
L21
```

```
L22
         293482 S L15 NOT PY>2000
L23
              5 S L21 NOT PY>2000
=> s clear? or remov?
        303559 CLEAR?
        489065 REMOV?
L24
        578709 CLEAR? OR REMOV?
=> s 124 and 123
             5 L24 AND L23
=> d kwic 1-5
L25
       ANSWER 1 OF 5
                         PCTFULL
                                   COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN
DETD
            . per molecule, denaturing the
       double-stranded DNA, renaturing the DNA to form double-stranded DNA
       which can include
       sense/antisense pairs from different nicked products, removing
       single-stranded portions from
       reformed duplexes by treatment with S1 nuclease, and ligating the
       resulting fragment library into
       an expression vector. By this.
       chain protected peptide may be cleaved with a base and the appropriate
       alcohol (e.g., methanol). Side chain protecting groups may be
       removed in the usual fashion by
       treatment with hydrogen fluoride to obtain the desired ester. In
       preparing peptide mimetics
       wherein the C-terminall carboxyl. . . dialkylamide (i.e., the
       C-terminus is --
       C(O)NRR,, where R and R, are alkyl, a lower alkyl). Side chain
       protection is then removed in the
       usual fashion by treatment with hydrogen fluoride to give the free
       amides, alkylamides, or
       dialkylamides.
       measured using a sandwich ELISA that utilizes a capture antibody to
       aprotinin (produced as described in Example 6) and a reporter
       antibody to PEG (e.g., AGP3 from
       Acadmica Sinica). Aprotinin variant plasma levels may also be measured
       using radiolabeled
       aprotinin variants (e.g., Shin, Pharm. Pharmcol. Commun..
       (80 mg/kg, i.p.) and treated with aprotinin (1 0 mg/kg, !.v.). Ten
       minutes later, the distal 2 mm of tail is removed and placed
       in to saline. The time for bleeding to
       stop is measured. Aprotinin and active variants reduce the bleeding
       time.
                                   COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN
L25
       ANSWER 2 OF 5
                         PCTFULL
       Various studies using animal models (Ulich, TR. et al., Blood 86:971-976
DETD
       (1995); Hokorn, M.M. et al., Blood 86:4486-4492 (1995)) have
       clearly demonstrated .
       the therapeutic efficacies of TPO and MGDF in bone marrow
       transplantation and in
       the treatment of thrombocytopenia, a condition that often.
       Even if the Cys residues that normally form disulfide bonds in the Fe
       dimer are
         removed or replaced by other residues, the monomeric chains
       will generally dimerize
```

through non-covalent interactions. The term Fe herein is used to. . .

In Fe deletion variants, one or more amino acid residues in an Fe polypeptide are removed. Deletions can be effected at one or both termini of the Fe polypeptide, or with removal of one or more residues within the Fe amino acid sequence. Deletion variants, therefore, include all fragments of an Fe polypeptide. In Fe substitution variants, one or more amino acid residues of an Fe polypeptide are removed and replaced with alternative residues. In one aspect, the substitutions are conservative in nature, however, the invention embraces substitutions that ore also. the Fe sequences. In particular, the amino acids at positions 7 and 10 of SEQ ID NO:5 are cysteine residues. One may remove each of these cysteine residues or substitute one or more such cysteine residues with other amino acids, such as Ala or. oil of theobroma. Such compositions may influence the physical state, stability, rate of in vivo release, and rate of in vivo clearance of the present proteins and derivatives. See, e.g., Remington's Phan-naceutical Sciences, 18th Ed. (I 990, Mack Publishing Co., Easton, PA 18042) pages. incorporated by reference. Such formulations may influence the physical state, stability, rate of in Wvo release, and rate of in vivo clearance of the administered agents. Depending on the route of administration, a suitable dose may be calculated according to body weight, body surface. used for side chain protection of the Lys on the linker and Boc-Ile-OH used for the last coupling. Dde was removed by using anhydrous hydrazine (2% in NMP, 3x2min), followed by coupling with bromoacetic anhydride preformed by the action of DCC. For peptide. . . was effected at RT for 4 hr, using trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) containing 2.5% H20, 5% phenol, 2.5% triisopropylsilane and 2.5% thioanisole. After removal of TFA, the cleaved peptide was precipitated with cold anhydrous ether. Disulfide formation of the cyclic peptide was performed directly on the. Clearly, the activity of the tandem linked dimers may also depend on proper selection of the length and composition of the linker. second monomer) and parallel dimers (D terminal of first monomer linked to C terminal of second monomer) in the same assay clearly demonstrated the superiority of tandem dimerized product compared to parallel dimer products. It is interesting to note that a wide range of.

protection of the lysine E-amine. Once

the whole peptide chain was assembled, the N-terminal amine was reprotected with t-Boc. Dde was then removed to allow for the bromoacetylation. This strategy gave a high quality crude peptide which was easily purified using conventional reverse phase HPLC.. . .

5 M urea, pH 9. The pH of this mixture was then adjusted to pH 5 with acetic acid. The precipitate was removed by centrifugation and the supernatant was loaded onto a SP-Sepharose Fast Flow column equilibrated in 20 mM NaAc, 100 mM NaCl,. . .

enhance the in vivo activity of the modified peptide by providing it a protection against proteolytic degradation and by slowing down its clearance through renal filtration. It was unexpected that pegylation could further increase the in vitro bioactivity of a tandem dimerized TNIP peptide in. . .

In contrast, treatment in the various cycles with PEG-rHuMGDF did show an inhibition in platelet response by Cycle 4, suggesting that antibodies to PEG-rHuMGDF have been generated and these anti-MGDF antibodies may be i h endogenous rhesus TPO.

L25 ANSWER 3 OF 5 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN

DETD . . . the lungs or digestive tract and once ingested, lead accumulates in bones and teeth. Long-term chelation therapy can be used to remove lead from bone tissue. However, if lead poisoning is untreated, the sequestered lead in bone tissue can be reintroduced into.

The present invention includes the step of isolating PEGS from the sample, thereby removing the confounding effect of interfering substances in the sample composition. The use of PEGS as a biological marker is an. . .

and 10"8 M in hemolysate (P.N.B. Gibbs, A-G. Chaudhry and P.M. Jordan, Biochem. J. 230:25-34 (1985)), PEGS can be quantitatively removed from a hemolysate sample using monoclonal or polyclonal antibodies. PEGS can be isolated from the blood of a test subject using antibodies. . .

Polyclonal antibodies to PEGS can be made with the purified protein using methods known in the art. Antibodies are raised in suitable animals such. \cdot .

PEGS for raising antibodies may be isolated from outdated blood by a method which uses a batch extraction technique to remove the hemoglobin (P.N.B. Gibbs, A-G. Chaudhry and P.M. Jordan, Biochem. J

(b) Lead-inhibited PEGS would be distinguished from active PEGS as follows: The double dipstick would be removed from the first vessel, split in half, and each individual dipstick, labelled either A or B, would be placed in a. . .

reaction would be allowed to proceed for a short period of time,

approximately five minutes. Alternatively, the dipsticks could be removed to a third vessel containing, respectively, Buffer A plus 10 ALA and Buffer B plus ALA

L25 ANSWER 4 OF 5 COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN PCTFULL

DETD . . is dissolved in a basic buffer solution, for example 0,01 M sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7,8, and then dialyzed against the buffer to remove residual salts. The concentrated serum Ig is then combined with activated PEG which can be obtained by a chemical process involving either 1,11-carbonyldiimidazole, . . .

> serum immunoglobulin G in 0,01 M sodium phosphate buffer at pH 7*8. The resulting solution was then dialyzed against the buffer to remove residual salts. Determination of the final concentration of the immunoglobulin G was done spectrophotometrically using an extinction coefficient of 138 as E45 for.

50) to remove residual carbonyldiimidazole, The resulting activated PEG solution was dialyzed against distilled water, lyophilized, and stored desiccated, Example 3 Activated PEG produced by the method.

15 g SS-PEG, The mixture is stirred for 30 min at room-temperature and clarified by Millipore filtration (1.2 gm membrane), Unbound SS-PEG is removed by dialysis against 10 volumes of buffer using an Amicon cell as described above, Each preparation of PEG-IgG is sterilized by filtration.

Heat aggregated

human IgG and PEG-conjugates were produced by heating 10 mg/ml solutions of each in PBS to 630 for 30 minutes, After removing the largest (visible) aggregates by brief centrifugation (3,000 rpm from 5 minutes) the aggregates contained in the supernatants of these solutions were used.

42,0 to 79,6 percent of that found for native IgG, Example 12 Since in several of the above methods the binding of a second antibody to PEG-IgG conjugates to determine the biologic activities of these conjugates was used to compare PEG-IgG conjugates to native IgG, experiments to determine the relative.

buffer, pH 4,5 with pepsin (Worthington Biochemical Corp,, Free Hold, NJ,) at an enzyme substrate ratio of 1:100, In one experiment, aliquots were removed from the reaction mixture at 1, 3f 51 7f 9 and 16 hours; in another, all reactions were stopped in 6 hours,. .

equal

concentrations (22,5 gg/ml); similar data were found for other concentrations of IgG tested, 225 gg/ml and 2.25 ggfml) TABLE 7

BINDING OF A SECOND ANTIBODY

TO PEG-IGG CONJUGATES % of Control IgG Bound % of Control IgG to ELISA IgG Detected ,Compound Plate* in Solution** Native IgG 100 100 Conjugates.

L25 ANSWER 5 OF 5 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN

DETD

tolerate. The short half-

life of hGH is believed to be due to its small molecular weight $(22,000 \, \text{dafton})$, and rapid renal

clearance, which has been found to be proportional to the molecular weight of protein in

35 circulation. Pegylation, meaning conjugating polyethylene glycol. .

.

bovine serum

albumin exhibited a blood circulating life in rabbits similar to native bovine serum albumin

go except that it was not removed from circulation by the eventual development of antibodies.

antigen did not yield detectable antibodies against P EG-1 900-catalase or native

catalase whereas the antiserum from intramuscular administered antigen contained antibodies

to PEG catalase and native catalase. PEG catalase did not react with either antiserum.

attached polymers such as polyethelene glycol, polypropylene glycol or carbohydrates; and 3) other macromolecules such as proteins, lipids, or glycolipids

that reduce clearance and are not immunogenic.

the continuous presence of GH when the GH is complexed with itself or with another macromolecule such that the GH is not cleared from the plasma. Intermittent GH use is defined as administration every 3 or more days, preferably every 6 or more days. . .

The present invention clearly shows that the s.c. administration of hGH as a continuous infusion or PEG-GH as daily or infrequent intermittent injections are optimal. . .

Therefore, R is clear that at this dose of hGH (0.1 mg/kglday) continuous administration and daily injection have equal effects on whole body weight gain. . . .

and that the difference could be due to the GHBP giving a lo more continuous OH exposure and a larger response. Clearly the rate of weight gain for hGH plus GHBP is substantially greater. This increased spleen weight gain is also plotted as. . .

growth of the thymus. This large absolute and relative growth response may be due to the met-hGH delivered by injections being cleared rapidly from the body whereas the

PEG-hGH molecules are cleared more slowly and leads to a

relative continuous GH exposure.

At sacrifice, a blood sample was taken, and the liver, kidneys, heart, spleen, and thymus were removed, blotted dry, and immediately weighed. The spleen and thymus were immediately placed in buff er and then cells were obtained by. treated rats gained 34.5 + 9.4 g, and IGF and GH-treated rats gained 45.5 9.9 q. The response to IGR was clearly large, and the response to GH plus IGR appeared to be additive. IGR at the doses used was markedly anabolic. A. . The effect of IGR was clearly greater than that of hGH. There was a clear effect of IGR on all the organ weights. Liver increased by 6.6%, kidneys by 16.6%, heart by 18.5%, thymus by 27.0%,. . 30 Using this scheme characteristic, thymic involution was seen in the excipient and the GH-treated groups. However, there was clear evidence of lymphocytic hyperplasia and the restoration of the thymic architecture in the groups that received des-IGF-I and des-IGF-I plus bGH. The. blood sample was taken, and the thymus, spleen, heart, liver, kidney, and mandibular and mesenteric lymph nodes from each treatment group were removed aseptically and weighed. growth of the spleen and the thymus after 7 days of treatment with IGF-I. In the first experiment there was a clear dose-related effect of IGR on the spleen (excipient 105 ± 14, low dose 124 + 21; medium dose 145 ± 58;. . . experiment; this was probably due to the thymus being dissected differently by different dissectors. In the repeat experiment, one dissector uniformly removed the thymus, and significant thymic growth was detected (excipient, 15.2± 1.3; high dose 26.2 30 6.4 mg, p = 0.006). Femurs and tibias were removed from 40 donor animals. The bone marrow was flushed out with PBS. Cells were centrif uged and washed with saline. Viable. at this time. The remaining animals were sacrif iced 23 days after the irradiation treatment. Spleens, thymuses, livers, and hearts were removed and weighed. Long bones were taken for histology and the spleens and thymuses retained for cytological and in vitro assays. Blood was. . . 92.0+8.3 IGF-I high 27.3+10.9* 1 51.2+9.3**. 1 125.0+35.4* 103.6+19.4 p < 0.05 of Marrow Only on same day P < 0.0115 There was a clear effect of IGR increasing thymus and spleen

weight in this model.

The body weight changes for all four groups are shown in Figure 21. The figure shows

clearly the very large weight loss in the animals following radiation exposure. There was a

clear dose-related effect of IGR protecting the mice from this catabolism. High-dosb IGR had a significant anabolic effect as early as seven. . .

is as an immunoadjuvant. Whenever immunizing a mammal or avian, priming with GH and or IGR to accelerate the immunization process is clearly indicated in the present invention.

CLMEN. . . of claim 1 wherein said method is accomplished using a growth hormone complexed to one or more macromolecules to reduce GH clearance from the blood plasma.

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Executing the logoff script...

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ENTRY SESSION
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      6
         DEC 14
                 CA/CAplus to be enhanced with updated IPC codes
NEWS
      7
         DEC 21
                 IPC search and display fields enhanced in CA/CAplus with the
                 IPC reform
         DEC 23
                 New IPC8 SEARCH, DISPLAY, and SELECT fields in USPATFULL/
NEWS
                 USPAT2
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                 Pre-1988 INPI data added to MARPAT
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NEWS 12
         JAN 17
                 IPC 8 in the WPI family of databases including WPIFV
         JAN 30
NEWS 13
                 Saved answer limit increased
         JAN 31
NEWS 14
                 Monthly current-awareness alert (SDI) frequency
                 added to TULSA
         FEB 21
                 STN AnaVist, Version 1.1, lets you share your STN AnaVist
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                 Status of current WO (PCT) information on STN
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         FEB 22
                 The IPC thesaurus added to additional patent databases on STN
NEWS 18
        FEB 22
                 Updates in EPFULL; IPC 8 enhancements added
        FEB 27
                 New STN AnaVist pricing effective March 1, 2006
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                 MEDLINE/LMEDLINE reload improves functionality
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NEWS 21
        FEB 28
                 TOXCENTER reloaded with enhancements
NEWS 22
        FEB 28
                 REGISTRY/ZREGISTRY enhanced with more experimental spectral
                 property data
        MAR 01
NEWS 23
                 INSPEC reloaded and enhanced
        MAR 03 Updates in PATDPA; addition of IPC 8 data without attributes
NEWS 24
              FEBRUARY 15 CURRENT VERSION FOR WINDOWS IS V8.01a,
NEWS EXPRESS
              CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP),
              AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 19 DECEMBER 2005.
              V8.0 AND V8.01 USERS CAN OBTAIN THE UPGRADE TO V8.01a AT
              http://download.cas.org/express/v8.0-Discover/
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0.21 0.21

FULL ESTIMATED COST

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DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 6 MAR 2006 HIGHEST RN 876011-49-3

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http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html

=> s CLPGHWGFPSC/SQEP

1 CLPGHWGFPSC/SQEP

86624 SQL=11

L1 1 CLPGHWGFPSC/SQEP

(CLPGHWGFPSC/SQEP AND SQL=11)

=> file caplus

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 7 Mar 2006 VOL 144 ISS 11 FILE LAST UPDATED: 6 Mar 2006 (20060306/ED)

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=> s 11

ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN L2

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:754239 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:284340

TITLE: Liposome targeting of matrix metalloproteinase

inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Penate Medina, Oula; Koivunen, Erkki; Kinnunen, Paavo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Licentia Ltd., Finland SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 52 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Patent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	TENT	NO.				D DATE					ICAT						
WO	2002	0764	91												0020	 326	
	W:	ΑĖ,	AG,	AL,	ΑM,	AT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
		co,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,
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ΕP	1372694				A1		2004	0102		EP 2	2002-	7068	13		2	0020	326
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US	2004 2003	2138	33		A1		2004	1028		US 2	2003-	4719	80		_		
NC	2003	0042	80		Α		2003	1125		NO 2	2003-	4280			2	0030	925
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ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

2001:401931 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:247122

AUTHOR(S):

TITLE: Binding of novel peptide inhibitors of type IV ·collagenases to phospholipid membranes and use in

liposome targeting to tumor cells in vitro

Medina, Oula Penate; Soderlund, Tim; Laakkonen, Liisa J.; Tuominen, Esa K. J.; Koivunen, Erkki; Kinnunen,

Paavo K. J.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Helsinki Biophysics and Biomembrane Group, Department

of Medical Chemistry, Institute of Biomedicine,

University of Helsinki, Helsinki, FIN-00014, Finland

Cancer Research (2001), 61(10), 3978-3985 SOURCE:

CODEN: CNREA8; ISSN: 0008-5472

PUBLISHER: American Association for Cancer Research

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE:

English

REFERENCE COUNT:

54 THERE ARE 54 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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SINCE FILE

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ENTRY SESSION 3.20 10.90

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L3 26 CLPGHWGFPSC/SOSP

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L4 21 L3

=> s 14 and liposom? 49407 LIPOSOM?

L5 2 L4 AND LIPOSOM?

=> d ibib 1-5

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:754239 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:284340

TITLE:

Liposome targeting of matrix metalloproteinase inhibitors

INVENTOR(S):

Penate Medina, Oula; Koivunen, Erkki; Kinnunen, Paavo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Licentia Ltd., Finland PCT Int. Appl., 52 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA.	rent :	NO.			KIN	DATE			APP	LICAT		DATE					
WO.	2002	0764:	91		A1		2002	1003		WO			20020326				
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	ВВ	, BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
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											2002-					0020	
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	2003										2003-					0030	
	2005				A1		2005	1208			2005-						
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:							2001-						
										WO	2002-	FI25	2	1	₩ 2	0020	326

US 2003-471980 A3 20030916

2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT:

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:401931 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:247122

Binding of novel peptide inhibitors of type IV TITLE: collagenases to phospholipid membranes and use in

liposome targeting to tumor cells in vitro

Medina, Oula Penate; Soderlund, Tim; Laakkonen, Liisa AUTHOR(S):

J.; Tuominen, Esa K. J.; Koivunen, Erkki; Kinnunen,

Paavo K. J.

Helsinki Biophysics and Biomembrane Group, Department CORPORATE SOURCE:

of Medical Chemistry, Institute of Biomedicine,

University of Helsinki, Helsinki, FIN-00014, Finland

Cancer Research (2001), 61(10), 3978-3985 SOURCE:

CODEN: CNREA8; ISSN: 0008-5472

PUBLISHER: American Association for Cancer Research

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

THERE ARE 54 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: 54

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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460128 TARGET?

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=> s 17 not py>20005537520 PY>2000

0 L7 NOT PY>2000 T8

=> s 17 not py>20014594403 PY>2001

1 L7 NOT PY>2001

=> d 17 ibib 1-7

ANSWER 1 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

2004:979013 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:18193

TITLE: The status, quality, and expansion of the NIH full-length cDNA project: The mammalian gene

collection (MGC)

Gerhard, Daniela S.; Wagner, Lukas; Feingold, Elise AUTHOR(S):

> A.; Shenmen, Carolyn M.; Grouse, Lynette H.; Schuler, Greg; Klein, Steven L.; Old, Susan; Rasooly, Rebekah; Good, Peter; Guyer, Mark; Peck, Allicon M.; Derge,

Jeffery G.; Lipman, David; Collins, Francis S. The MGC Project Team, NIH, USA

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Genome Research (2004), 14(10b), 2121-2127 SOURCE:

> CODEN: GEREFS; ISSN: 1088-9051 Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press

PUBLISHER: Journal DOCUMENT TYPE:

English LANGUAGE:

ANSWER 2 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:471053 CAPLUS

141:37227 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Gene expression profiles for detecting soft tissue TITLE:

sarcomas and compositions and methods of screening for

soft tissue sarcoma modulators

INVENTOR(S): Aziz, Natasha; Ginsburg, Wendy M.; Zlotnik, Albert

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Protein Design Labs, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 210 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Patent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.							DATE		ì	APPL:	ICAT:	ION I		DATE				
		2004				A2 20040610 A3 20050630					WO 2	003-	US38:	20031126					
		₩:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	
			CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	
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-			LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NI,	NO,	
			NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	ТJ,	
			TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	ΤZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ŻW		
		RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	ΜZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	ΤZ,	ÜG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	
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			ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	
			TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	ΤG
	US	2004	2536	06		A1		2004	1216		US 2	003-	7238	20031126					
PRIC	PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-429739P P 20021126																		

ANSWER 3 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:449883 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:402911

Binary prediction tree modeling with many predictors TITLE:

and its uses in clinical and genomic applications

Nevins, Joseph R.; West, Mike; Huang, Andrew T. INVENTOR(S): Duke University, USA PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PCT Int. Appl., 886 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	ENT	KIN)	DATE		į	APPL	ICAT:		DATE							
WO	2004	0383	76		A2		2004	0506	1	WO 2	003-		20	0031	024		
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		0383 AE, CO, GH, LR, OM, TN, GH, KG,	76 76 AG, CR, GM, LS, PG, TR, GM, KZ,	AL, CU, HR, LT, PH, TT, KE, MD,	A2 A3 AM, CZ, HU, LU, PL, TZ, LS, RU,	AT, DE, ID, LV, PT, UA, MW, TJ,	2004	0506 0826 AZ, DM, IN, MD, RU, US, SD, AT,	BA, DZ, IS, MG, SC, UZ, SL, BE,	BB, EC, JP, MK, SD, VC, SZ, BG,	BG, EE, KE, MN, SE, VN, TZ, CH,	BR, EG, KG, MW, SG, YU, UG, CY,	BY, ES, KP, MX, SK, ZA, ZM, CZ,	BZ, FI, KR, MZ, SL, ZM, ZW, DE,	CA, GB, KZ, NI, SY, ZW AM, DK,	GD, LC, NO, TJ, AZ, EE,	CN, GE, LK, NZ, TM, BY, ES,

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BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                                                         US 2002-420729P P 20021024
US 2002-421062P P 20021025
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                                        US 2002-420729P P 20021024
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US 2002-421102P P 20021025
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US 2003-457877P P 20030327
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WO 2003-US33946 A 20031024
     ANSWER 4 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:837371 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                                         139:333132
TITLE:
                                         Targets for therapeutic intervention
                                         identified in the human mitochondrial proteome
INVENTOR(S):
                                         Ghosh, Soumitra S.; Fahy, Eoin D.; Zhang, Bing;
                                         Gibson, Bradford W.; Taylor, Steven W.; Glenn, Gary
                                         M.; Warnock, Dale E.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                                         Mitokor, USA; The Buck Institute for Age Research
SOURCE:
                                        PCT Int. Appl., 180 pp.
                                       CODEN: PIXXD2
Patent
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
                                         English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
       PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

WO 2003087768 A2 20031023 WO 2003-US10870 20030404

WO 2003087768 A3 20051124

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     ANSWER 5 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:754239 CAPLUS
                                         137:284340
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                                         Liposome targeting of matrix
TITLE:
                                         metalloproteinase inhibitors
                                         Penate Medina, Oula; Koivunen, Erkki; Kinnunen, Paavo
INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                                         Licentia Ltd., Finland
SOURCE:
                                         PCT Int. Appl., 52 pp.
                                         CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
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WO 2002076491
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
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REFERENCE COUNT:
                                THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
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     ANSWER 6 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
                          2001:401931 CAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                          135:247122
TITLE:
                          Binding of novel peptide inhibitors of type IV
                          collagenases to phospholipid membranes and use in
                          liposome targeting to tumor cells in vitro
                          Medina, Oula Penate; Soderlund, Tim; Laakkonen, Liisa
AUTHOR(S):
                          J.; Tuominen, Esa K. J.; Koivunen, Erkki; Kinnunen,
                          Paavo K. J.
                          Helsinki Biophysics and Biomembrane Group, Department
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                          of Medical Chemistry, Institute of Biomedicine,
                          University of Helsinki, Helsinki, FIN-00014, Finland
SOURCE:
                          Cancer Research (2001), 61(10), 3978-3985
                          CODEN: CNREA8; ISSN: 0008-5472
PUBLISHER:
                          American Association for Cancer Research
                          Journal
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
                          English
                                THERE ARE 54 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
REFERENCE COUNT:
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L7
     ANSWER 7 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
                          2001:265589 CAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                          134:309238
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
TITLE:
                          Human genes which expression is responsive to shear
                          stress, the cDNA and protein sequences, and their use
                          for developing drugs for vascular diseases
                          Nojima, Hiroshi; Yoshisue, Hajime; Obayashi, Masaya;
INVENTOR(S):
                          Ota, Toshio; Kawabata, Ayako; Sakurada, Kazuhiro;
                          Kuga, Tetsuro; Sekine, Susumu; Nakamura, Yusuke;
                          Sugano, Sumio
                          Kyowa Hakko Kogyo Co., Ltd., Japan
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                          PCT Int. Appl., 678 pp.
SOURCE:
                          CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                          Patent
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Japanese

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

PA.	PATENT NO.						DATE		APPL:	ICAT:	ION I		DATE					
WO	WO 2001025427						A1 20010412					JP68		20001002				
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 DEVELOPMENTS AND SEE OUR NEWS SECTION FOR FURTHER INFORMATION
- >>> UPDATING OF BIBLIOGRAPHIC DATA DELAYED DUE TO DELIVERY FORMAT CHANGES <<<
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L11 ANSWER 1 OF 1 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2006 Univentio on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002076491 PCTFULL ED 20021011 EW 200240 TITLE (ENGLISH): LIPOSOME TARGETING OF MATRIX METALLOPROTEINASE INHIBITORS

TITLE (FRENCH): CIBLAGE DE LIPOSOMES AU MOYEN D'INHIBITEURS DE

METALLOPROTEINASES MATRICIELLES

PENATE MEDINA, Oula, Sturenkatu 13 A 31, FIN-00510 INVENTOR(S):

Helsinki, FI [FI, FI];

KOIVUNEN, Erkki, Lokkisaarentie 5 C 319, FIN-00980

Helsinki, FI [FI, FI];

KINNUNEN, Paavo, Punarinnantie 4, FIN-02660 Espoo, FI

[FI, FI]

PATENT ASSIGNÉE(S): LICENTIA LTD, Erottajankatu 19 B 5, FIN-00130 Helsinki,

> FI [FI, FI], for all designates States except US; PENATE MEDINA, Oula, Sturenkatu 13 A 31, FIN-00510

Helsinki, FI [FI, FI], for US only;

KOIVUNEN, Erkki, Lokkisaarentie 5 C 319, FIN-00980

Helsinki, FI [FI, FI], for US only;

KINNUNEN, Paavo, Punarinnantie 4, FIN-02660 Espoo, FI

[FI, FI], for US only

AGENT: OY JALO ANT-WUORINEN AB\$; Iso Roobertinkatu 4-6 A,

FIN-00120 Helsinki\$, FI

LANGUAGE OF FILING: English LANGUAGE OF PUBL.: DOCUMENT TYPE:

English Patent ·

PATENT INFORMATION:

NUMBER KIND DATE WO 2002076491 A1 20021003

DESIGNATED STATES

W:

AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZM ZW

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APPLICATION INFO.: PRIORITY INFO.:

FI 2001-20010620

20010326

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